

This PDF is part of the Philadelphia Water Department Historical Collection Accession 2004.071.0001 Frederic Graff Jr. Scrapbook, 1854-1857

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stroke of the pump of four and a half feet, a diameter of sixteen inches, and the wheel making eleven and a half revolutions in a minute. Five have been put in operation since, some of which make thirteen revolutions in a minute, with a little more water fall, and force 13 million of gallons in twenty-four hours. 9-1

The wheels being sunk below the usual line of high water, it might be supposed that they would be obliged to stop at that time; but this seldom happens, except in the spring tides, at the full and change of the moon, when it is found that they are not affected until the back water is about sixteen inches on the wheel.

The first four pumps were made by Messrs Rush & Muhlenburg, and the two last, by Messrs. Levi Morris & Co., in accordance with the designs of Mr. Graff, and are worked by a crank on the water wheel attached to a pitman connected with the piston at the end of the slides. They are fed under a natural head of water, from the forebays of the water wheel, and are calculated for a six feet stroke, but they are generally worked with not more than five feet. They are double forcing pumps, and are each of them connected to an iron main of sixteen inches diameter, which is carried along the bottom of the race to the rock at the foot of Fair Mount, and from thence up the bank into the new reservoir. At the end of each pipe there is a stop cock which is closed when need ful for any purpose. The shortest of these mains is two hundred and eighty-four feet long; the others are somewhat longer. The water is elevated into the reservoirs 102 feet above the level of the tide in the Schuylkill. 9-2

The lowest estimate of the quantity of water afforded by the river in the dry season, is four hundred and forty millions of gallons per twenty-four hours. The average quantity of water raised by each wheel and pump is about 530,000 gallons daily, but when the whole six are called into service they can furnish a supply of over six millions of gallons daily, and that quantity may be increased to eight or nine millions, by the erection of two more wheels and pumps, which will complete the original design, and fill up the present mill buildings. The average daily supply of water for the city and Liberties is estimated for the present year at about four millions of gallons, being an average of 177 gallons for each permit granted. The demand during the summer months is nearly one third more than in the winter months.

According to the above estimate therefore, the population of our city will have to be more than doubled before there will be any scarcity of water, even with the present works; after which time it is contemplated to erect works at Flat Rock, on the Schuylkill, six miles above the city, and carry the water from thence by large iron pipes or a stone aqueduct to the neighborhood of the Girard College, where receiving reservoirs will be constructed. It is presumed that in this work the Liberties will unite with the city. The difference in fall between Fairmount and Flat Rock is ten feet in favor of the latter, and works can therefore be constructed there to supply any amount of water required.

The elevation of ground at Girard College is eighteen feet above the reservoirs at Fairmount. It is intended therefore that the College shall be supplied with water from Fairmount by the means of a small pump to be attached to the present works, designed by Mr. Graff, which will also supply the Eastern Penitentiary, the water for which being now obtained from natural springs in the earth, by means of a steam engine, it being too high to receive its supply from the reservoir at Fairmount. The water for the College will be forced into tanks on the top of one of the out houses, whence it will be distributed to the other buildings. It will require 6000 feet of pipe to convey the waters to the College, and the new pump, wheel, &c. which is to be constructed at the north end of the mill buildings for that purpose, will cost about \$12,000.

In Pursuance of the Provisions, of the 11th section of an Act of the General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed the 27th day of July, A. D. 1842, the Commissioners Philadelphia publish the annexed Statement of the value of all property assessed for State pure of Watches, and the assessment of persons, trades, occupations and professions, posts of profit and fice, and moneys at interest, as returned by the Assessors of the several Wards and Townships. WILLIAM FAUNCE, WILLIAM S. ALLEN, JOS. L. SMITH, s at Interes, Loans, Deb COWB. pus Plan Gold an Silver Lever. of Furniture. WARDS AND TOWNSHIPS. Gold Levers. and Occupation. Carris ges. CLEARINGS FROM OUR EXCHANGE 1.770 210 5,610 1,955 10,745 1.360 16,365 9,085 2,955 5,950 14 160 71 56 250 83 283 180 96 226 184 284 284 37 90 345 182 98 5 ... 9 ... 55 ... 137 28 30 1 61 5 22 16 47 ... 40 ... 27 4 9 9 17 ... 14 2 900 1,100 290 500 250 100 2,160 4,970 6,360 2,540 2,005 1,490 4,175 2,920 2,115 2,580 910 2,615 6,175 6,175 6,935 0,985 10,648 4,130 450 875 1,415 375 3,725 905 895 170 685 2 37 ... 5 ... 5 ... 5 ... 62 7 90 14 22 ... 13 6 7 2 14 2 24 4 1 1 ... 1,00 5,100 4,500 1,200 8,050 1,300 30,676 5,200 1,000 1,30 do 2d do 3d ormantewn Borough oper do Lower 2,200 9,735 109 ... 11 ... 2 1 20 ... 14 1 8 ... 13 ... 17,325 16,126 8,640 6,725 6,775 27,825 5,565 11,425 29,060 10,195 7,906 1,740 15,985 6,800 4,862 21,750 11,750 15,310 9,900 900 2,050 600 2 19 2 righ porated Northern Liberties... RECAPITULATION at Interest, Loans, Debts 7 Solvent COWE and Gold a Plain Silver. DISTRICTS, &c. Furniture. Horses and Carrisges.

ONSOIRDATION.—According to Mr. Pernon's report to the Legislature, in 1880, the area of the old city proper is 1402½ acres; Southwark, 508% acres; Northern Liberties, \$20 acres; Southwark, 508% acres; Northern Liberties, \$20 acres; Spring Griden, 1100 acres; Kensington, 1238 acres; Moyamensing, 1486 acres; seven boroughs, 5384 acres; ivolue townships, 63,000; total, 74,289 acres. The city exis nds from Darby creke on the south to Pequessing creek on the north, a distance of twenty two miles, and up the Soluylkill measuring from Kensington about ten miles. It is estimated that there are one hundred and twenty square miles in the city. According to the calculation of the Consolidation Committee in November last, the debt of the city, country and districts, was \$14,961,735. To this, \$4,500,000 since contracted, should be added—making the aggregate near nine-teen millions and a half. The property of the various corporations in stocks, real estate, &5., is calued at about The actual burden is therefore about five millions and a half. The population at this time is probably 478,000. The value of taxable property at last assessment was \$165,260,000.

701,58 299,56 141,23 237,93 204,89

feb 13 mth 2w

2,639 29 16

102,782